

# STD: IV SUB: SOCIAL SCIENCE

**NAME: DATE:2.11.20**

**12. OUR FOREST RESOURCES**

**WORKSHEET 10**

## Choose the correct answers.

* 1. How much of India’s total area is under forests at present?

**a.** one-fifth **b.** one-fourth **c.** half **d.** two-thirds

* 1. Which of these is not provided by the forests?

**a.** medicinal herbs **b.** wood **c.** pure air **d.** minerals

* 1. Which of these trees is found in evergreen forests?

**a.** ebony **b.** teak **c.** babul **d.** pine

* 1. Which of these states has thorn forests?

**a.** Assam **b.** Himachal Pradesh **c.** Rajasthan **d.** Sikkim

* 1. Which of these is a way to save our forests?

**a.** deforestation **b.** afforestation **c.** national park **d.** wildlife sanctuary

* 1. Which of these animals is protected in the Great Himalayan National Park?

**a.** snow leopard **b.** Asiatic lion **c.** Bengal tiger **d.** wild ass

## Match the columns.

1. Sundarbans National Park **a.** Karnataka
2. Keoladeo Ghana Bird Sanctuary **b.** Gujarat
3. Manas National Park **c.** Madhya Pradesh
4. Ranganathittu Bird Sanctuary **d.** Rajasthan
5. Kachchh Wild Ass Sanctuary **e.** Assam
6. Bandhavgarh National Park **f.** West Bengal

## Write short answers.

1. Where do we find deciduous forests in India?

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1. Write the names of some trees found in coniferous forests?

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1. What is the main feature of the trees found in mangrove forests?

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1. What is deforestation?

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1. In which national park is the Asiatic lion found?

## Fill in the blanks with words from the brackets.

1. The trees in the (evergreen / deciduous) forests do not shed their leaves throughout the year.
2. The deciduous forests are also called (coniferous / monsoon) forests.
3. The Ganga-Brahmaputra delta has (sundari / rosewood) trees.
4. When people plant trees in an area that was not a forest earlier, it is called (afforestation / deforestation).
5. The greater one-horned rhinoceroses are protected at the (Sundarbans / Kaziranga) National Park.